Software Export

2673. SHRI ANANTA SETHI : Will the Minister of INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) the amount worth software exported during 1999-2000. 2000-01 and 2001-2002;

(b) whether higher target has been fixed for the export of software during the Tenth Five Year Plan period;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the steps taken to increase the export of software?

THE MTNISTER OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN): (a) The total amount software exported during 1999-2000.2000-2001 and 2001 -2002 is as under:

1999-2000: Rs. 17,300 crores

2000-2001: Rs. 28,350 crores

2001-2002: Rs. 16,500 crores

(April to September, 2001)

(b) and (c) The Working Group on Information Technology Sector for the Tenth Five Year Plan has set the following targets for the export of software firing Tenth Five Year Plan:

Year	Software Export (Rs. Crores)
2002-03	Rs. 54,000 crores
2003-04	Rs. 73,000 crores
2004-05	Rs. 98,000 crores
2005-06	Rs. 128.000 crores
2006-07	Rs. 160,000 crores

(d) The various steps taken to increase the export of software are given in the Statement.

Statement

Incentives for Software Sector

1. Export Promotion Capital Goods scheme (EPCG) has been rationalised and extended uniformly to alLsectors without any threshold limit on payment of 5% duty.

2. Approvals for all foreign direct investment proposals relating to the Information Technology sector, with the exception ofBusiness-to-consumer (B2C) e-commerce are under the automatic route.

3. Software Technology Parks (STP) Scheme is implemented under the aegis of the Ministry of Information Technology through a single window mechanism of the mter-Ministerial Standing Committee (IMSC).

4. Accelerated depreciation norms for computers and computer peripherals for units under Export-Oriented schemes (EOU/EPZ/STP/EHTP) have been enhanced. These shall stand depreciated to overall limit of 90% over a period of 3 years instead of around 5 years earlier.

5. *pT* A access upto 50% of the FOB value of export is permitted for software units under EOU/STP schemes.

6. In the 2000-01 Budget, Customs duty on Computers and peripherals had been reduced from 20% to 15% and continues to be same. The Customs duty on all storage devices, integrated circuits, microprocessors, data display tubes and deflection components of colour monitors also continues at 0°/jj. In the 2001-02 Budget, Customs duty on Information Technology Agreement (ITA-1) itei f WTO (IT and Telecom products) has been reduced from existing 20-2: jtol5%.

7. Information Technology Software is exempted from Customs and Excise Duty.

8. EOU/EPZ/STP/EHTP units are exempted from payment of Income Tax on export profit, upto 2010, in terms of Section 10A and 10B of the Income Tax Act. On site development of computer software and services will also be eligible for tax exemption.

V. Definition Computer Software, as in Section 80 HHE of the Income Tax Act has been widened to include transmission of data.

10. Benefit of Section 80 HHE is available to supporting software developers.

11. Exemption of withholding tax on interest on External Conmmercial Borrowings (ECBs) has been extended to the IT sector.

12. IT Enabled Services have been made eligible for Income Tax benefit under Sections 10A, 10B and 80HHE of the Income Tax Act.

13. A National Venture Fund for Software and IT Industry (NFSIT) has been set up with a corpus of Rs. 100 crores, out of which MIT shall contribute Rs. 30 crores.

14. Income by way of dividends or long-term capital gains of a Venture Capital Fund or Venture Capital Company from investment made by way of equity sliares in a Venture Capital Undertaking, which has been expanded to include the Software and IT sectors, will henceforth not be included in computing the total income.

15. To give thrust to Venture Capital finance, SEBI has been made the single point nodal agency for registration and regulation of both domestic and overseas venture capital funds.

16. There will be no tax on distributed or undistributed income of Venture Capital Funds. The income distributed by the VCFs will only be taxed in the hands of the investors at the rates applicable to the nature of the income. VCFs will continue to be eligible for exemption even if the shares of the VC undertaking in which the VCFs have made the initial investment are subsequently listed in a recognised stock exchange in India.

17. Under policy on portfolio investment, Foreign Institutional Investors (FIIs) are permitted to invest in a company upto an aggregate of 24% of equity shares, extendable upto 40% subject to approvals. This limit has been raised . from 40% to 49% in the Budget 2001 -02.

18. Under the Employee Stock Option Scheme, income tax payable on income from GDRs purchased in foreign currency by a resident employee of IT software and service companies, shall be at a concessional rate of 10%.

19. Tax holiday under provisions of Section 80-1A (Infrastructure Status) has been extended to Internet Service Providers (ISPs) and Broadband Network providers.

20. Two-way fungibility has been permitted for ADRs/ GDRs. Local shares can now be reconverted into ADRs/GDRs, subject to sectoral caps.

21. To induce more investment for R&D activities, a weighted deduction of 125% on the sums paid to any university, college or an institution or a Scientific research association for the purposes of scientific, social or statistical research has been provided.

22. Information Technology Act, 2000 has been enacted. This act deals with Cyber Security, Cyber Crime and other information security related legal aspects. This will encourage expansion of e-commerce through internet.

23. Software Technology Parks of India (STPI) has set up a business support Centre in the USA, which is operational since November, 1999, to promote business for STP units and provide marketing support to SMEs.

Job opportunities for I.T. Professionals in U.K.

2674. SHRI K. KALAVENKATA RAO : Will the Minister of INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether U.K.'s computer software and service association has invited Indian Software Industry for entering into partnership in e-commerce, banking, pharmaceuticals and telecom;

(b) if so, whether Indian I. T. professionals would be offered employment in U.K.; and

(c) the number of such professionals to be appointed in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJ AN): (a) to (c) National Association of Software and Services Companies (NASSCOM) of India has recently signed Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Computer Software and Service Associations (CSSA) of U.K., to increase co-operation between the two countries in IT software and services sector. This is likely to increase business to business interactions between two countries, and also off-shore and on-site assignments for IT professionals.

Impact of US attack on Software Export

2675. SHRI K. RAMA MOH ANA RAO :
SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA.
SHRI RAMAMUN1REDDY SIRIGEREDDY:

Will the Minister of INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state: (a) the

Software exports made by the country during the last two years;